

Update on the Ar Capture Analysis: The recoil drift-plane pulse-length definition question;

Can strong longitudinal diffusion in the capture-recoil pulses be excluded with a cut on the muon stop track YZ-plane angle? Is it really established that there isn't a longitudinal drift effect for the muon stops alone?

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11/05/2008

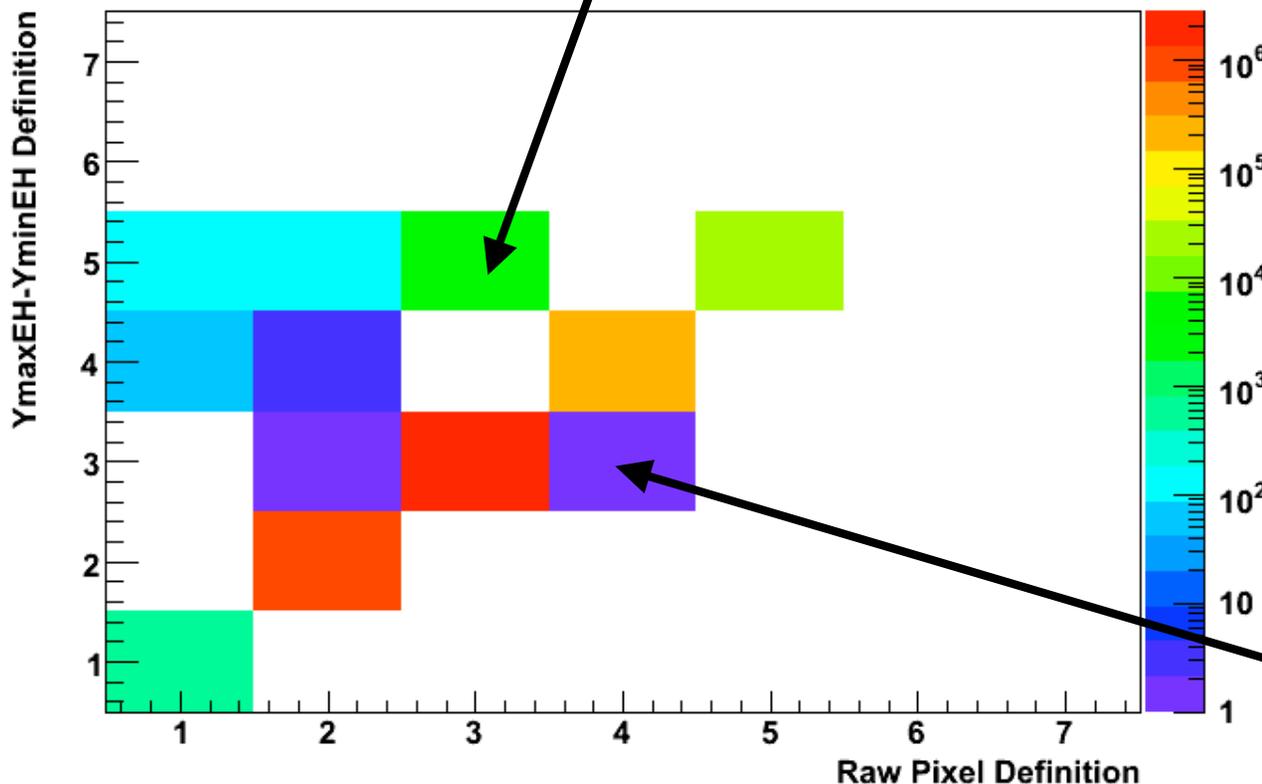
I have studied two definitions of the capture-recoil drift-plane pulse length...

- The first definition is the Y_{minEH} and Y_{maxEH} of the capture-island, and using this to get the drift-plane pulse length with the drift-velocity.
- The second definition was to take the raw pixel information and count the number of continuous pixels in Y on the anode of the recoil pulse. **Not** expected to ever be greater than the length by the first definition.
 - The condition that all EH pixels of the recoil be on the same anode was applied in this case. **Not** that the stop anode of the muon stop had to be the same.

A comparison of the two definitions...

Most likely case for discrepancies:
Three continuous pixels, and a 4th
which is discontinuous; 1% level

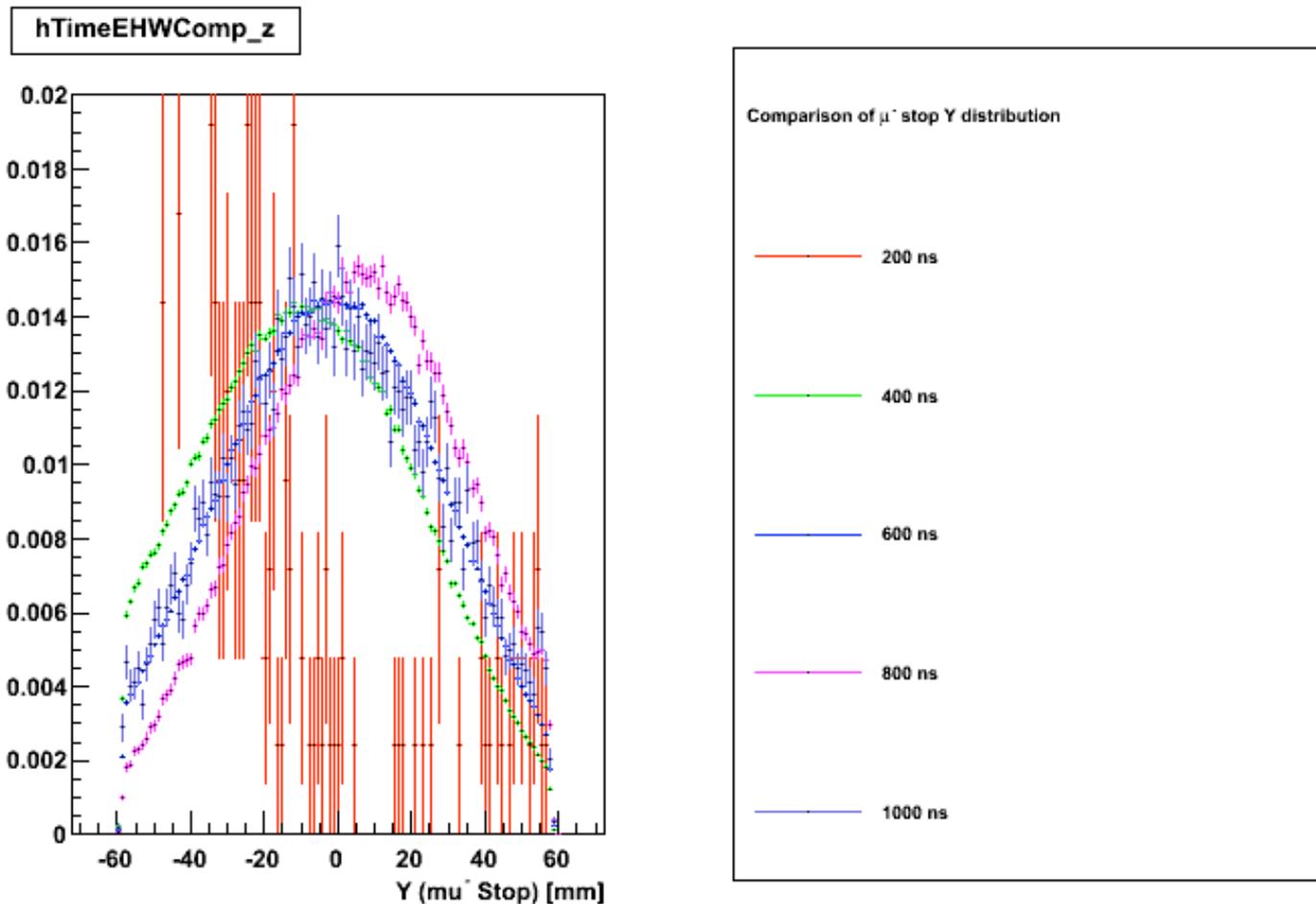
hTimeEHWComp_YX



In general there is little disagreement between these two definitions

Noise; a single strange event

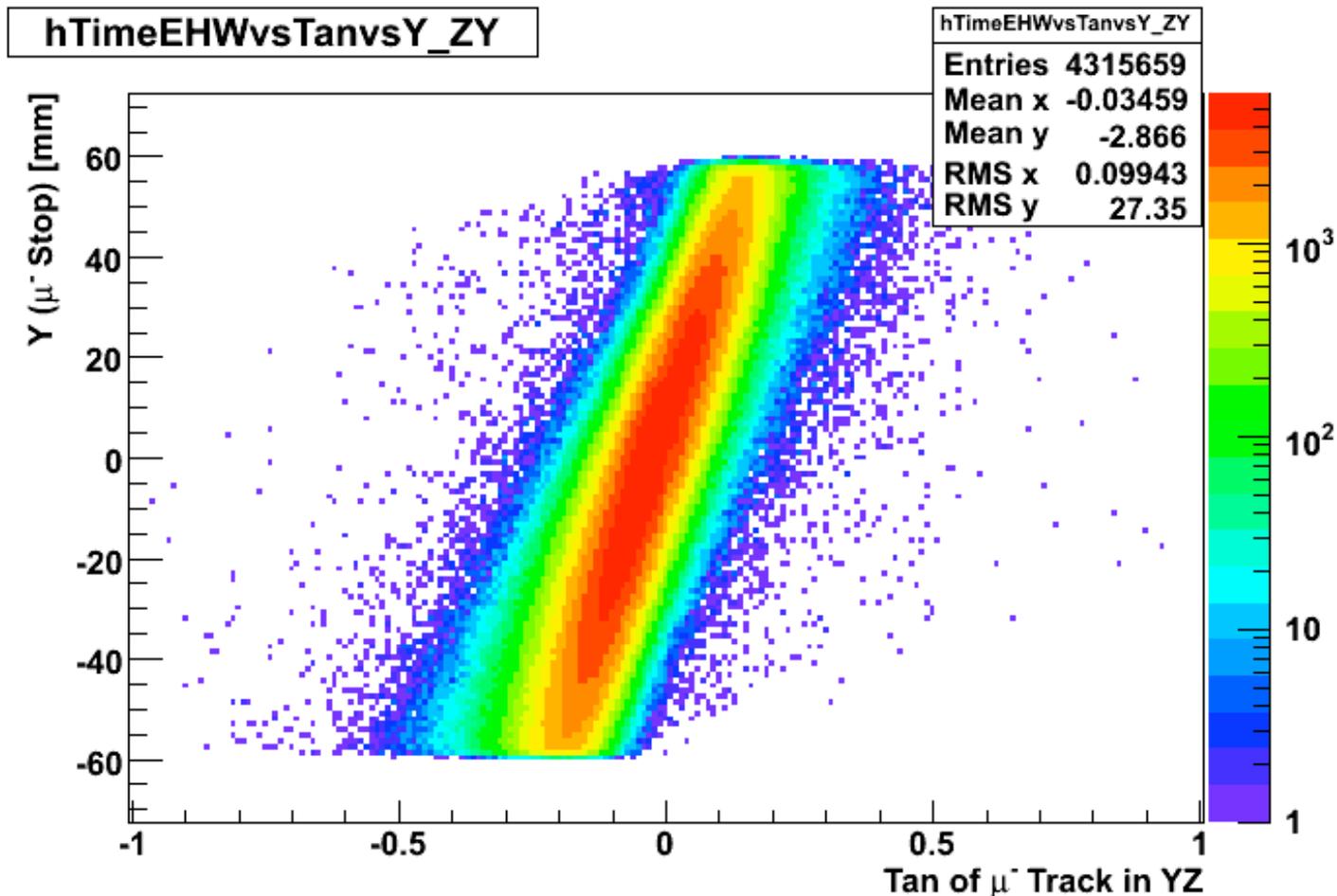
The events for which the two definitions are consistent show the same capture pulse-length effect in the muon stop Y distribution that was seen before. (Same order of magnitude.)



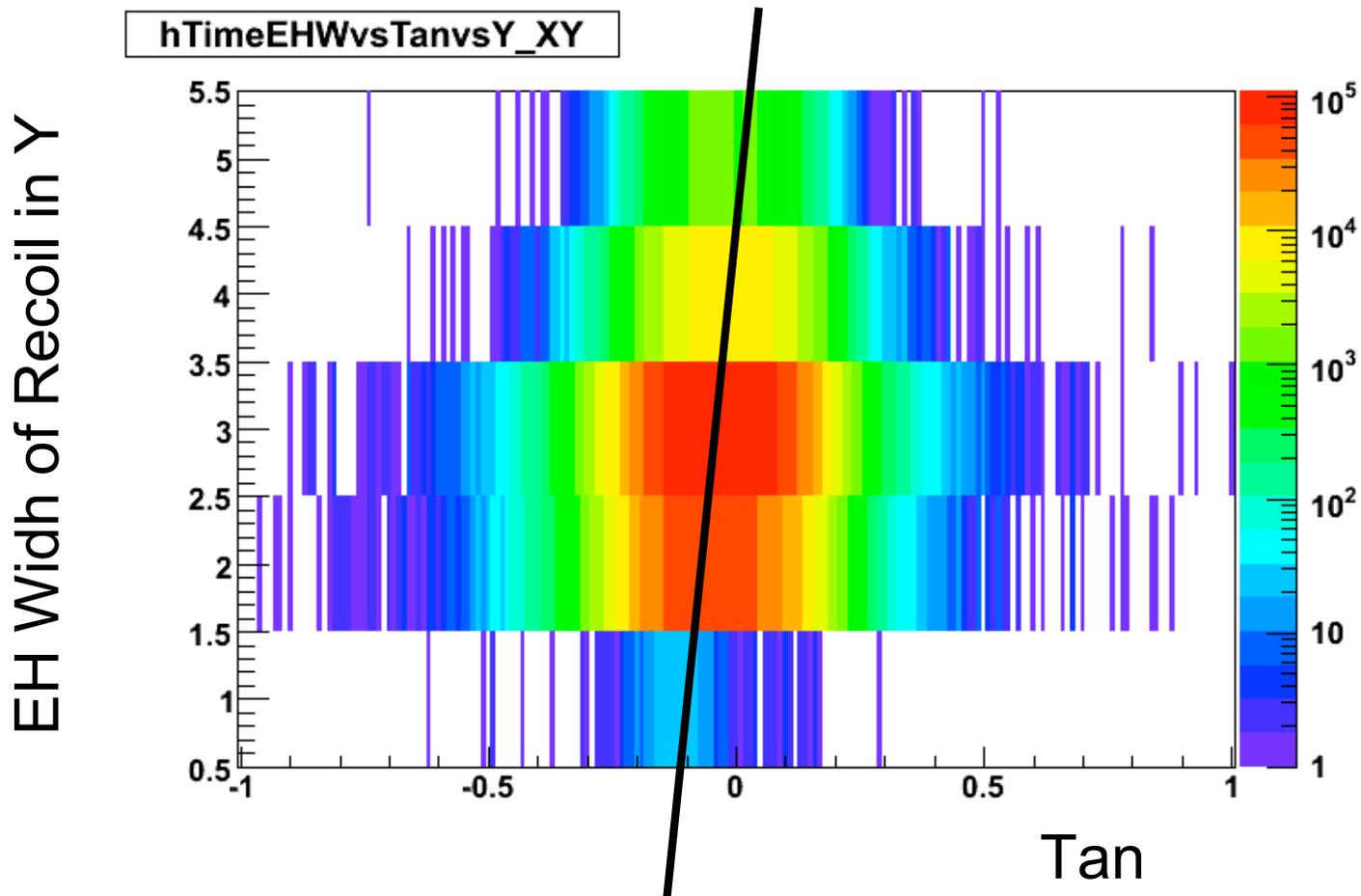
Previously the μ^- stop Y distribution effects were shown to be subject to the angle of the muon track entering the TPC in the vertical YZ plane.

Could this be a part of the effect still being observed in the capture events?

(Same events selected in the previous plots, the capture recoil in on a single anode and the pixel list is present.)

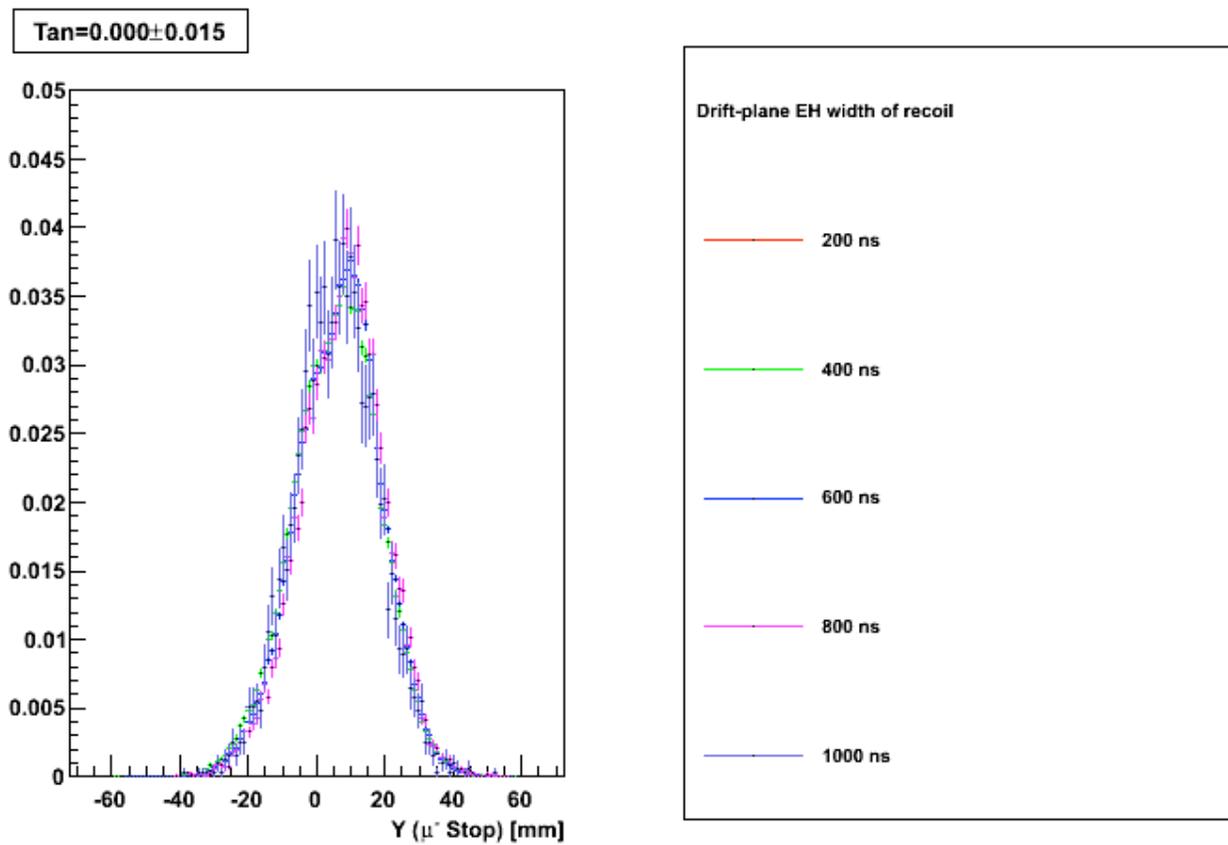


There is a correlation between the EH drift-plane pulse width of the capture recoil and the tan of the angle of the muon entrance track in YZ. (Old $Y_{\max\text{EH}} - Y_{\min\text{EH}}$ definition of the pulse width used here.)



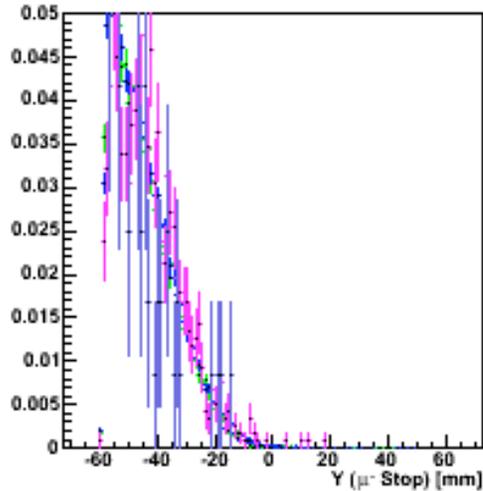
So, yes, the capture-recoil pulse-width effect could be connected to the angle of the muon entrance.

The capture-island width effect in Y disappears with a cut on the entrance angle.

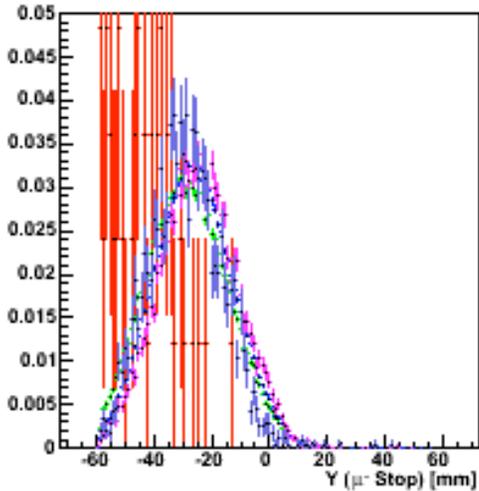


... Over a range of angles.

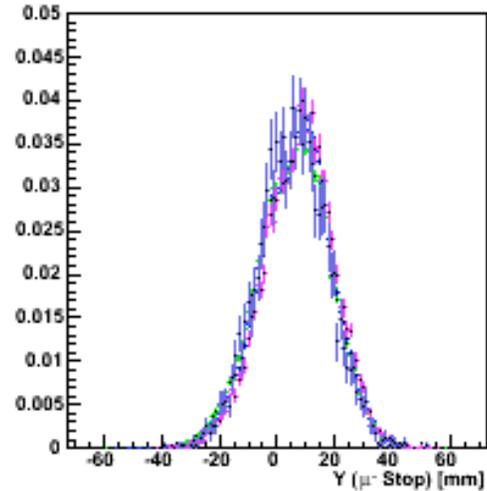
Tan=-0.250±0.015



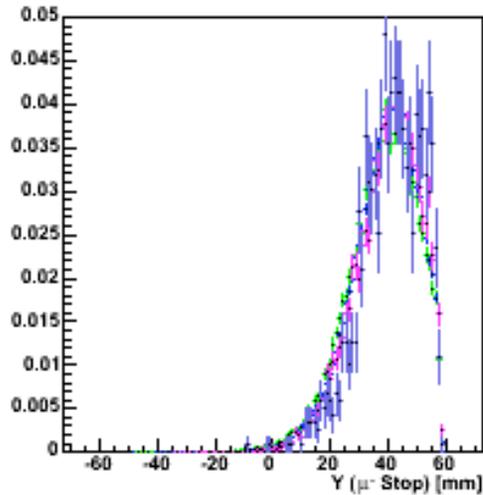
Tan=-0.120±0.015



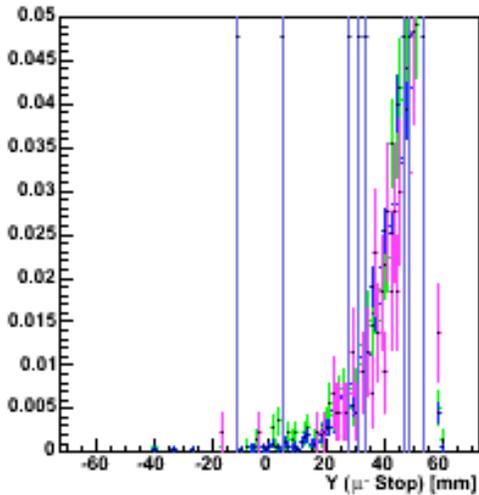
Tan=0.000±0.015



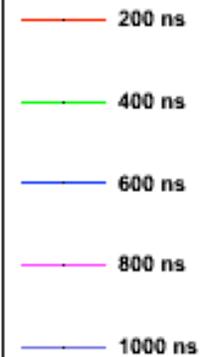
Tan=0.130±0.015



Tan=0.250±0.015

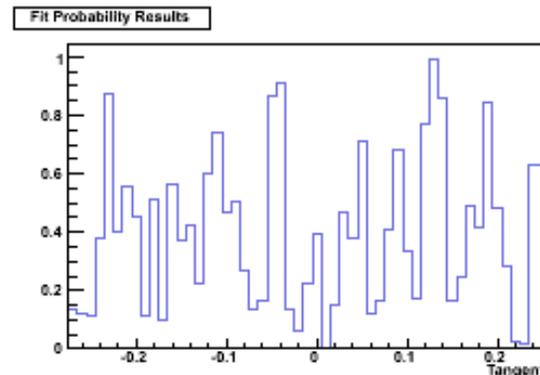
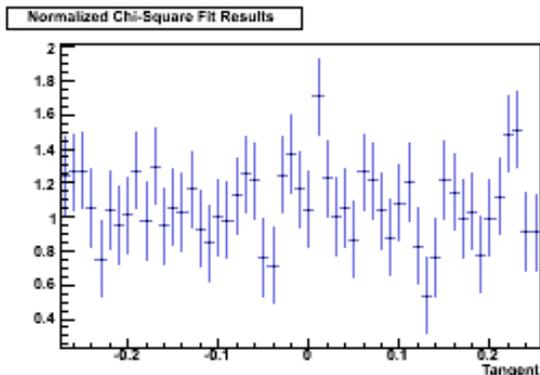
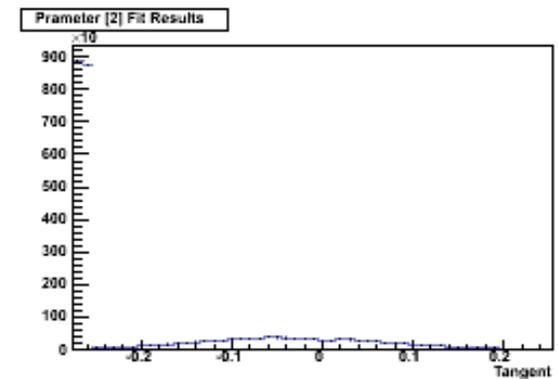
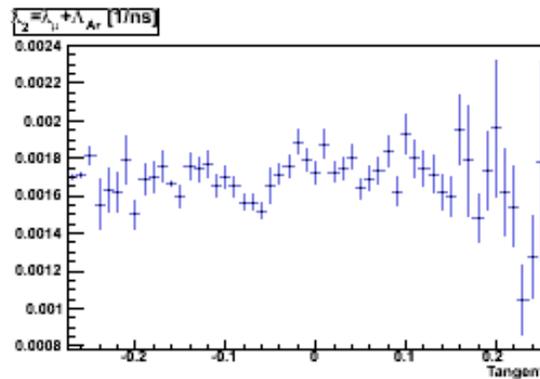
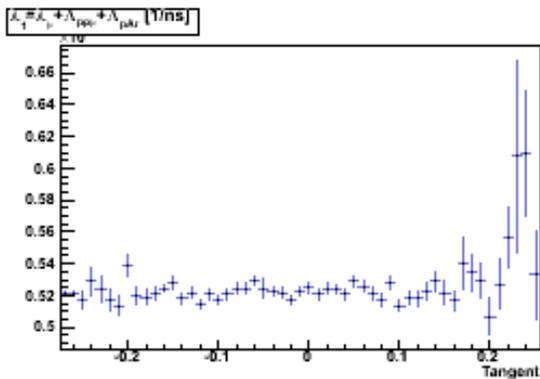


Drift-plane EH width of recoil



Capture time-spectrum fit scan vs. tangent: Not a significant level of discrepancy at the level of statistics available.

(Bin Ordering: All, $\tan = \pm 0.25$, $\tan = \# \pm 0.005$)

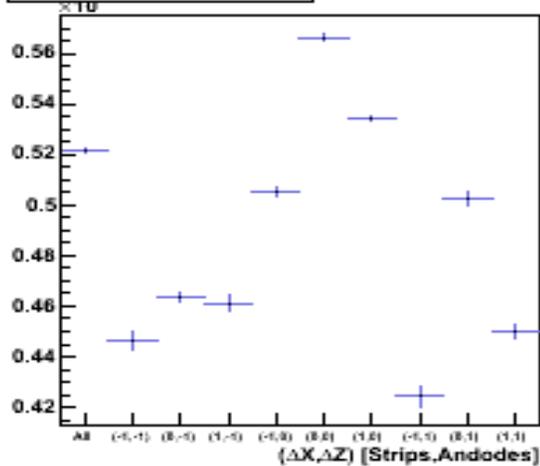


Conclusions

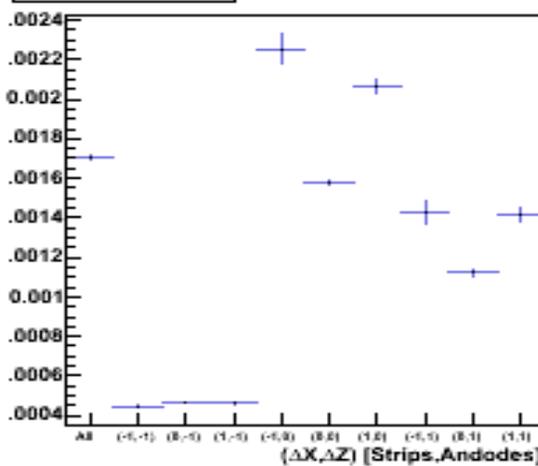
- Changing the definition of the capture-recoil pulse-width in Y will not resolve the variations observed in the μ^- stop Y distribution.
- A selection cut on the angle of the μ^- entrance in the vertical YZ plane “resolves” the discrepancy in the μ^- stop Y distributions. Can the TPC now be fully exonerated from strong longitudinal-diffusion effects? This is the question. Is there another way to look at this Y/YZ-plane-tangent space?
- Might we require an improvement to the μ^- stop Y definition to establish better capture-time definition consistency?

The fit scan over the nine center most bins shows a large amount of inconsistency. (Does not change with a small angle cut, or changing to an EH-EH coincidence condition.)

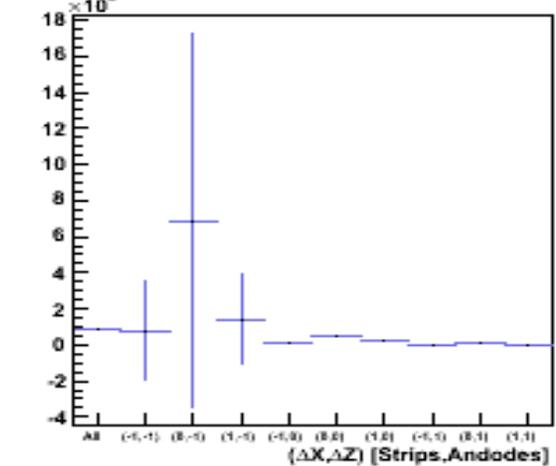
$\lambda_1 = \lambda_{11} + \Lambda_{pp11} + \Lambda_{pAr}$ [1/ns]



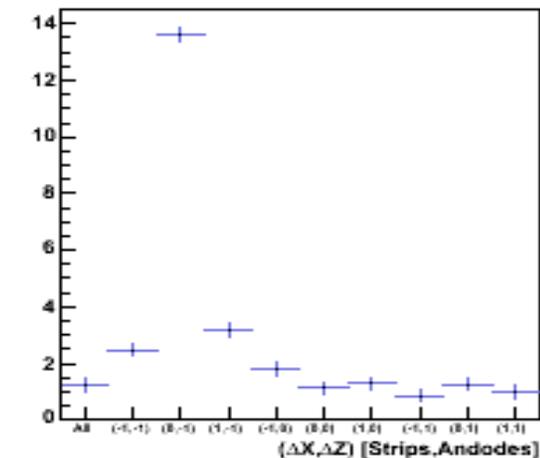
$\lambda_2 = \lambda_{11} + \Lambda_{Ar}$ [1/ns]



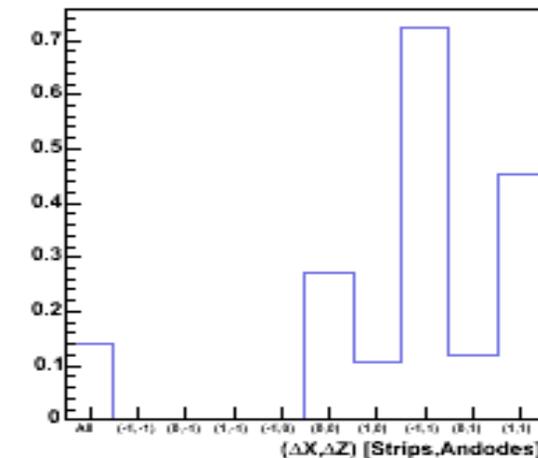
Parameter [2] Fit Results



Normalized Chi-Square Fit Results

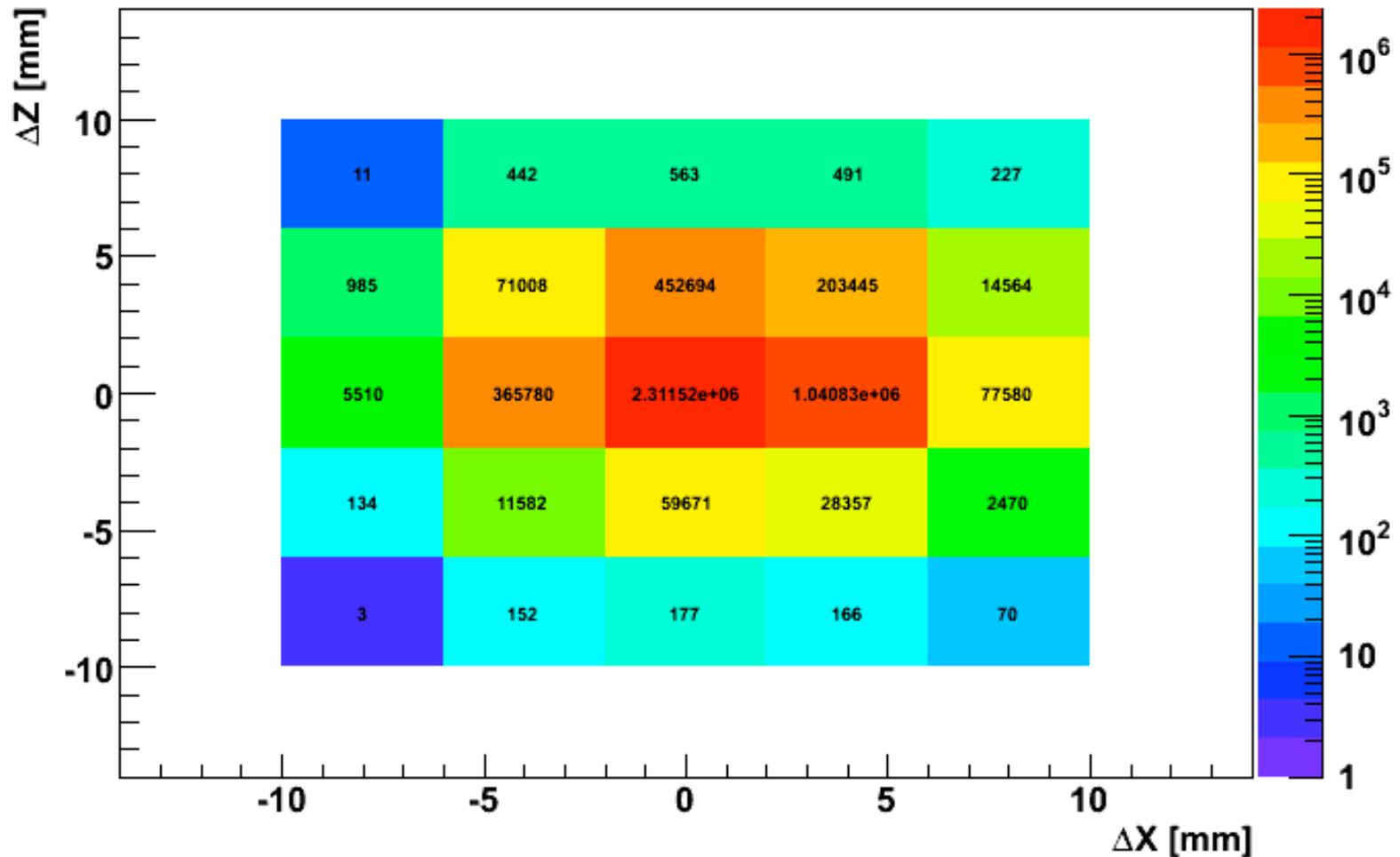


Fit Probability Results



A more significant anomaly is found with the displacement of the capture recoil relative to the muon stop.

hDelXvsDelZvsTminEVH_YX



Conclusions

- Changing the definition of the capture-recoil pulse-width in Y will not resolve the variations observed in the μ^- stop Y distribution.
- A selection cut on the angle of the μ^- entrance in the vertical YZ plane “resolves” the discrepancy in the μ^- stop Y distributions. *Can the TPC now be fully exonerated from strong longitudinal-diffusion effects? This is the question. Is there another way to look at this Y/YZ-plane-tangent space?*
- Might we require an improvement to the μ^- stop Y definition to establish better capture-time definition consistency?
- The X and Z displacement inconsistencies are far more significant than any seen vs Y, YZ plane tangent or the drift-plane EH threshold width of the capture-island.